

LOCAL NEWS.

MEETING OF THE MERCHANTS.—On Friday evening, a meeting of the merchants of Pennsylvania avenue was held in the hall over Galt's building, for the purpose of recommending to the municipal authorities the adoption of some measures more effectually to provide for the cleaning and watering of said avenue. After some discussion, the following resolution was adopted:

Resolved, That we petition the Board of Aldermen and Board of Common Council to amend the act approved April 23, 1860, relative to cleaning and watering Pennsylvania avenue, by striking out all after the enacting clause, and inserting the following:

Be it enacted, etc., "That the sum of \$3,000 be and the same is hereby appropriated, out of any money to the credit of the Second, Third, Fourth, and Fifth Wards, not otherwise appropriated, for the purpose of cleaning and watering Pennsylvania avenue from Fifteenth street west to the west gate of the Capitol; each of said wards to pay in proportion to the number of feet so cleaned and watered. The work to be done under the direction of the Mayor, in co-junction with one commissioner from each of the above-named wards, to be appointed by the Mayor."

The following gentlemen were then appointed a committee to obtain signatures to the above petition:

Second Ward—W. M. Galt and S. Lewis.
Third Ward—J. W. Haire and H. Taylor.
Fourth Ward—P. H. Hoot and J. Shillington.
Fifth Ward—J. Purdy and G. M. Oyster.

On motion by Mr. Dodson, the committee was instructed to urge upon the municipal authorities the propriety of amending the act limiting the time of watering the streets, so as to permit them to be watered at or near the hour of 3 o'clock P. M.

We are glad to see that our merchants are at last being awakened to the importance of this matter. It has long been a crying evil, and should receive the prompt attention of the City Councils, either by the adoption of this or some other suitable plan.

EXTENSIVE CONFLAGRATION.—About two o'clock on Saturday morning, the residence of Mr. C. F. E. Richardson, on L street, between Eleventh and Twelfth streets, was discovered to be on fire. Mr. R. was aroused by the smoke, and gave an alarm, but had barely time to arouse his family and aid their escape from the building. Only a small portion of his furniture was saved. The flames soon spread to the adjoining house, also owned by Mr. Richardson, and occupied by Mr. A. Arnold and family, which was totally destroyed. The house next adjoining, occupied and owned by Mr. J. W. Nairn, then caught fire, and was soon burnt to the ground. The house of J. P. Dodson, a colored laborer in the Capitol, in turn fell a prey to the devouring element, and but for the efforts of the Pennsylvania Firemen, and Columbia Fire Companies, who were early on the ground, the house of Mrs. Sarah Goddard, at the corner of Eleventh street, would have soon fared with the rest. The families in most of the houses had scarcely time to escape, and very little of the personal effects of the occupants were saved. These houses were all two-story frame buildings, and were comparatively new.

Mr. Richardson's houses were valued at about \$1,000, on which and his effects he has an insurance of \$2,100. Mr. Nairn's house was estimated to be worth \$2,500, on which there was an insurance of \$1,000 in the North American Company, Philadelphia. Mr. Dodson's property was valued at \$1,500, and was insured for about one third.

The fire is supposed to have been the work of an incendiary. As the fire occurred in an early hour of the morning, very few persons were on the ground, from which fact the loss is probably greater than it would have been had the fire taken place at an earlier hour. Much credit is due to the water-tapper, Mr. H. Gettler, for his promptness in turning on the water for the firemen, who, aided by several of the police and a number of the citizens, rendered very valuable assistance.

ANOTHER.—Yesterday morning about one o'clock, a brick stable, situated on Seventeenth street, near D, was discovered to be on fire, and in a short time was entirely consumed. Two carriages, which could not be got out, were entirely destroyed, and a valuable horse also perished in the flames. The stable and contents were the property of Captain Carberry, and is believed to have been set on fire. The Union, Franklin, and Western Horse fire companies were early on the ground; but, on account of the difficulty in procuring water, their services were not of much utility.

ST. PATRICK'S DAY.—Yesterday was St. Patrick's Day, not rainy and tempestuous, as St. Patrick's Day usually is, but damp, chilly, and unpleasant, withal. Large crowds flocked to the various Catholic churches in the morning, where the services were of more than usual interest, particularly at that bearing the name of Ireland's patron saint, where a very beautiful and touching service was pronounced by the Rev. B. A. McGuire, pastor of St. Aloysius Church. At St. Aloysius Church, Rev. F. E. Boyle preached a sermon in aid of the objects of charity, to which the Young Catholic Friends' Society is devoted, which was listened to with much interest.

To-night, the Phoenix Society will celebrate the national festival by a supper at Galt's, which will no doubt be a very fine affair.

CRIMINAL COURT.—On Saturday, Mary Jane Herbert, indicted for an assault and battery on Jane Jackson, submitted her case to the court, who, after hearing the evidence, imposed a fine of \$5 and costs.

Philip Wagner, for an assault and battery on Augustus Roth, submitted his case to the court, who, after hearing the facts, ordered him to pay a fine of \$8 and costs.

James Fogarty, for an assault and battery on John Hagan, submitted his case to the court, who heard the evidence, but deferred judgment until Monday.

The case of Edward O'Brien, charged with stealing a horse and carriage from George M. Miller, and which was commenced the day before, was then taken up. Several other witnesses were examined, and the case then given to the jury, who returned a verdict of not guilty. Norris for defence.

Michael Wall was then placed on trial, charged with an assault and battery on his wife, Ellen Wall. He was found guilty, and sentenced to two months' imprisonment in jail, and to pay a fine of \$1.

Charles Parker, convicted on the previous day of an assault and battery on Cornelia Coffey, was then sentenced to three months' imprisonment in jail, and to pay a fine of \$1.

The great question of the times is, Where can we buy cheapest? We answer, at Wiesenfeld's Clothing Emporium, corner of Fourth and a-half street and Pennsylvania avenue, where a large assortment of clothing, of all descriptions, can be had, cheaper than the cheapest, and better than the best.

The Young Men's Christian Association hold their annual meeting to-night, when officers for the ensuing year are to be elected.

THE STEAM PACKET MONTICELLO

arrived here on Saturday, from New York. The following is the list of consignees:

Alexander & Clark, J. G. Adams, J. P. Bartholow, S. Bacon & Co., Blanchard & Mohan, J. G. Baker, T. F. Boucher, H. Chandler, Commissioner of Patents, R. W. Carter, Franklin & Rothrock, T. A. Folsom, French & Richstein, Z. D. Gilman, E. Hall, S. Hein, W. Household, Hyde & Davidson, B. Jost, A. J. Joyce, A. Jardine, O. Knight, E. Lease & Co., T. R. Lovett, E. M. Luntzow, J. S. Lowrey, J. P. Milburn & Co., J. Marketer, Murray Semmes, J. C. McGuire, Moore & Cissell, J. W. Morell, W. N. H. Mack, National Hotel, G. & T. Parker & Co., Philip & Solomon, J. C. Rives, G. W. Russell, Smithsonian Institution, R. S. Stevens, C. Stott, J. L. Savage, Schneider & Co., J. C. Stewart, L. H. & C. Schneider, E. Simpson, M. A. Thomas, J. W. Thompson & Co., F. Taylor, J. C. & H. A. Willard, John Wiley, Wallace & Dunham, G. Wilner, F. Wilner.

List of shippers by steamer Monticello for New York to-day:

J. Osburn, F. Lamb, M. Devernois, J. W. Forney, Hon. H. F. Clark, Smithsonian Institution, M. Colineau, J. Wagner, Green & Williams, H. A. & J. C. Willard, Hon. A. P. Rockwell, W. F. Seymour, Capt. Withers, J. W. Thompson, M. J. McClure, W. B. Kibbey, J. S. Savage, Hon. R. Conning, Hon. R. U. Sherman, W. N. H. Mack, W. D. Elliott, H. C. Wilson, Taylor & Maury, Jones & Moberg, F. Taylor, J. Thomas Davis, George Waters, Peter Berry, John Davidson.

DISORDERLY GATHERING.—About ten o'clock on Saturday night, Officers Suit, Gormley, and Carter, made a descent on the house occupied by a colored man named Joe Fletcher, situated on Fifth street, between G and H, and arrested a crowd of colored men who were there engaged in playing cards. The party was composed of the following persons, some of whom were fined, and others sent to the workhouse: Samuel Dennison, Lloyd Johnson, Bernard West, William Woodward, Ball Harrison, Benson McKel, and Anthony Selby. As the officers entered the premises, they found a hog, which had just been killed, and one live one, which escaped from them. They also arrested William Bowie and Joe Fletcher for stealing the hogs, and took them before Justice Clark, who held them for a further hearing.

If you want to buy clothing at low rates, go to Strauss, Pennsylvania avenue, between Tenth and Eleventh streets.

[COMMUNICATED.]

Charitable citizens are cautioned against an impostor, who is begging on pretence that she is an inmate of the Widows and Orphans' Home. She was expelled for dishonesty, intemperance, and profane and abusive language, and proving unworthy of charity. For that, she threatened revenge, and is now seeking it by misrepresenting the institution and its management, while she is taking advantage of the rule "to admit none but those who are supposed to be persons of good character and habits." She is speaking evil of a home for which she had so strong an attachment that she refused to leave it till she found she was likely to be sent to the workhouse.

Georgetown Correspondence.

GEORGETOWN, D. C., March 17, 1861.

A company of United States dragoons, and another of artillery, paraded our streets yesterday morning.

I have understood that there is about to be raised here an artillery company, and that a meeting for the purpose will soon be called.

Our Town Councils elected, on Friday evening last, as policemen, Mr. Jefferson Robinson, vice Shackelford, and Augustus Brown, vice Veitch, for the third ward. There was no objection to Mr. Brown in the third ward, except a Democrat, and therefore Mr. Brown was elected, although himself a resident of the fourth ward.

Company A, Anderson Rifles, marched to the dwelling of Mr. George Gray on Bridge street, on Friday evening last, and there partook of a glorious entertainment, furnished by their worthy host. A few pertinent remarks were made by Mr. Gray, inviting them to the fire spread before them, which were responded to by Captain Hodier in due terms; whereupon in real military style, and with vigor, bravery, and perseverance, all fell to charging the enemies before them, scattering them and their continuous fire of their arms and teeth, until, in fact, they could say, as did Caesar, "I came, I saw, I conquered."

About twelve o'clock, the company reformed, and after three cheers for their host and for the Union, returned to their armory.

The canal is now entirely open, and boats are arriving every day, and the trade on it will increase as the season advances.

The funeral of the late Captain Delaroché took place yesterday afternoon, and that of our young townsman, Mr. William Pettit, son of Richard Pettit, Esq., took place this afternoon.

DIED.

Moss.—On Saturday, the 16th instant, Mr. John T. Moss, in the 31st year of his age. His funeral will take place this afternoon, the 18th inst., at 3 o'clock, from the residence of Mr. J. G. Schott, No. 362, North B street, Capitol Hill. The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

Items Telegraphed from Washington.

Intelligence received here from Charleston states that there exists a pretty strong party in South Carolina opposed to ratifying the Montgomery Constitution, and it is understood that they will resist it at every point.

The evidence thus far elicited before the Naval Court, in the case of Commodore Armstrong, shows that this officer, notwithstanding that he had the means at his control, declined to use them to prevent the property under his command from falling into the hands of the State authorities. The case against Commodore Armstrong will be pretty strong, judging from the evidence already given.

SECESSION IN THE METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH.—The present sessions of the Baltimore and the East Baltimore Annual Conferences of the Methodist Episcopal Church, now assembled respectively at Staunton, Virginia, and Chambersburg, Pennsylvania, are the most important ever held. The great question to be decided is the approval or disapproval of the new chapter added to the Discipline of the Church by the last General Conference, making non-secession a test of membership.

The feeling in the Church is very high on the subject, and it is expected that the controversy will result in the division of the Church, the membership opposed to the new rule preferring a separation rather than to submit to its provision.—*Baltimore Exchange.*

George Cotton, an American, who had been sentenced to death for revolution in Chili, in 1859, and whose sentence was afterwards commuted for imprisonment for ten years, has lately received a full pardon.

The telegraph cable over the Ohio, between Louisville and Jeffersonville, has broken for the seventh time.

BY TELEGRAPH.

Safety of the Steamer Uncle Sam.

New York, March 16.—A cable report, dated March 16, from the steamer Uncle Sam, (whose non-arrival at San Francisco has caused much anxiety there,) in Acapulco harbor, on February 18th, reports a rough passage up, and that the steamer had lost one of her wheels, and would not be able to reach San Francisco until the 4th or 5th of March. She was due there on the 24th of February.

Later from Europe.—The Steamer Arabia at New York.—Safety of the Australasian.

New York, March 16.—The royal mail steamship Arabia, from Liverpool on the 2d inst., via Queenstown on the 3d, arrived at this port this evening, bringing £260,000 sterling in specie.

The steaming Australasian arrived at Queenstown on the same day that the Arabia left that port, having returned in consequence of an accident. Her mails and passengers (but not her specie) were transferred to the Arabia.

Capt. Hockey, of the Australasian, reports that his steamer broke both flanges of her screw on February 20th, when in latitude 30° longitude 34°, but she continued on her voyage westward till the 26th, under canvas, when a heavy gale was experienced from the westward, and she put before it, reaching Queenstown on the 3d. During one day's sail she made 280 miles under canvas.

The royal mail steamship Canada arrived at Queenstown on the 2d inst.

The London money market was unchanged, with an active demand. Consols were quoted on Saturday evening at 91½ @ 91½ for money. American securities were dull and unchanged.

The siege of Messina was expected to be commenced at an early day.

The French Senate had been spiritedly debating the address to the throne.

Great Britain.—In the House of Commons, the Syrian question had been under debate.

The conduct of the French troops in Syria was generally condemned.

Lord John Russell, in his speech on the question, admitted that the occupation by the French army had been useful, but thought it desirable that it should terminate as soon as possible.

The great ship company had adopted the report already published.

The Great Eastern will probably be ready next month for another voyage to New York.

The Duke of Sutherland was dead.

France.—During the debate in the French Senate on the address to the throne, Prince Napoleon justified the policy of Pielmont, and uttered some sympathetic words relative to Venice, though, as he added, he would deplore an untimely attack. He opposed the union of the temporal and spiritual power of the Pope of Rome, but said the independence of the Pope must be insured.

A pastoral letter by the Bishop of Poitiers, comparing the Emperor to Pontius Pilate, had created a great sensation throughout France, and the Government was debating what measures to take in this matter.

The Paris Bourse was dull but steady, *Re-tes* being quoted at 66½ 15c.

Italy.—The siege of Messina was expected to be commenced in a few days. The Sardinians had occupied the heights commanding the citadel.

It is said that the resistance offered by the Governor of the citadel arose from the orders given him by Francis II.

The representatives of the foreign Powers at Messina had protested against the opening of hostilities, in consequence of the damage that might ensue.

Fearful inundations had taken place at Galatz, and hundreds of persons are reported to have been drowned. Immense quantities of grain were lost.

Russia.—St. Petersburg.—The Russian Government announces that no Government measure relative to the passport will be published until the 2d of March.

Austria.—A Paris letter to the *London Daily News* mentions a rumor, which is accredited in official quarters, that Prince Metternich has just communicated to the Court of Vienna, wherein it is asserted that the Austrian Government will never recognize Victor Emmanuel as King of Italy; and if France withdraws her troops from Rome, Austria will immediately replace them by her own army, and if the revolutionists make the least movement in Venice or Hungary, she will cross the Minio.

New Hampshire Election.

Boston, March 15.—Returns from one hundred and ninety-two towns in New Hampshire sent up for Berry, Republican, 32,346; Stark, Democrat, 32,282. The majority for Berry thus far is about 4,000.

Political Row at Louisville.

Louisville, March 16.—A large Southern Rights meeting was held at the Court House last night, and was attended with considerable confusion. It finally broke up in a row.

The Border Slave States.

Richmond, March 17.—Mr. Groggin's proposed amendment provides for the withdrawal of Virginia from the Union, and without determining the future association of the State, recommends a conference of the Border slave States, at Lexington, Kentucky, in May next, to propose a plan for reconstructing the Government, to be formed by the said States and "the Confederate States of America"—not however to be binding until ratified by the Convention, which shall adjourn over, to await the result. Mr. Groggin's proposition further declares that the Union can be restored only by amendments to the Constitution, emanating from the non-slaveholding States, in order to afford security to Southern rights. He urges a pacific policy throughout.

Later from California.—By Pony Express.

Fort Kearny, March 15.—The California pony express passed this point at 4:15 this afternoon, bringing the following summary of news:

San Francisco, March 2, 3:40 P. M.—The steamer Cortez sailed for Panama on the 1st inst., carrying 86 passengers and \$729,000 in treasure, \$689,000 of which is consigned to New York.

The ship Dashing Wave has cleared for New York with a miscellaneous cargo, comprising 1,200 sacks of barley, 1,200 sacks of copper ore, 2,000 hides, 300 flasks of quicksilver, 140 bbls. of tallow, 87 bales of wool, 1,500 bags of guano, &c.

The steamer Uncle Sam, with the New York mails of February 1st, is now overdue some six days, causing much anxiety.

The pony express, with dates from the Atlantic States to the 15th ult., is telegraphed from Carson Valley to-day.

There are no new features in the Senatorial election question before the Legislature.

The Senate, yesterday, amended the Union resolution previously passed in the Assembly, and adopted it in the following form, by a vote of 20 yeas to 6 nays—the negative votes being cast by the Republican members:

Resolved, That we heartily endorse the plan

of settlement for the existing difficulties in the Atlantic States, as proposed by the Hon. J. J. Crittenden, in the Senate of the United States, January 8th, 1851, and that we condemn the use of military force to coerce the people, recommending conciliation and concession rather than war, and compromises rather than disunion.

From the different parts of the State, the mining news is about as usual at this season.

The recently discovered silver mines in Nevada county, near Carson Valley, are prospecting well, and experienced miners from the Washoe district have great confidence in them.

Evacuation of Fort Brown.

New Orleans, March 17.—Galveston dates to the 15th have been received. The steamer Rusk, from Brazos, with three hundred State troops, returned to Galveston on the morning of the 15th.

The Federal troops evacuated Fort Brown on the 12th, and embarked on the Daniel Webster for Key West and Tortugas.

Several hundred State troops had enlisted for six months, to serve under Colonel Ford, on the Rio Grande.

The Convention was discussing measures for military defense.

Major Maclean, of the United States army, has resigned, and tendered his services to the State. General Colorado, on the northern frontier, had been taken by the State troops.

Captain Sayre, of the Confederate army, had arrived at Galveston, to muster in a regiment of rangers for the frontier, by order of President Davis.

There has been nothing about General Houston's movements.

DEPARTMENTAL.

APPOINTMENTS.—Wm. E. Gapsen, of Penn., and Thaddeus H. Stanton have been appointed first class (\$1,200) clerks in the Pension Bureau. W. T. Lockhart and E. C. Mayhew, of Ind., have been appointed second class (\$1,400) clerks, and John M. Hay, of Ill., a third class (\$1,600) clerk in the same office.

A. T. Burton, of R. I., J. M. Dresser and Alexander Lieb, of Ind., W. M. Thompson, of Md., and L. B. Mills, of Ohio, have been appointed to first class (\$1,200) clerkships in the Land Office.

Mr. George Wood, of this city, has been appointed to a third class (\$1,600) clerkship in the Treasury Department.

REMOVALS.—William Clayton, of Ga., son of the late Assistant Secretary of the Treasury, Philip C. Clayton, has been removed from a first class (\$1,200) clerkship in the First Auditor's office.

Colonel Grandy and Davis, first class (\$1,200) clerks in the Census office, have been removed.

AGENTS OF THE POST OFFICE APPOINTED AND REMOVED.—The following changes of agents of the Department have been made by the Postmaster General:

From Rochester to Rochester, N. Y., Falls, (\$800 per annum.) Warren Clark vice Charles H. McMaster, and Joseph W. Smith vice James B. Dwyer, (\$800 per annum.)

On Harlem River, N. Y., to Chatham Cross Roads, Joseph P. Hug-burn vice J. W. Van Valkenburg, (\$500 per annum.)

J. F. Russell, Railroad, Indianapolis to J. F. Russell, Ind., N. Field, jun., vice B. P. Fuller, (\$800 per annum.)

Chicago and Rock Island Railroad, Illinois—Chicago to Rock Island—James V. H. Judd vice W. B. Dickson, (\$800 per annum.)

Northern Division of Cleveland and Toledo Railroad, Ohio—Cleveland to Sandusky—Frederick H. Brown vice S. O. Simmons, (\$800 per annum.)

Louisville to Cincinnati—Benjamin L. Robinson vice George H. Kyle, (\$700 per annum.)

Pittsburg, Fort Wayne, and Chicago Railroad—Pittsburg to Crestline—Wilson S. McMillen vice Martin Miller, (\$800 per annum.)

Pittsburg, Steubenville, and Cincinnati Railroad—Steubenville to Newark—Matthias Collier vice James Stewart, (\$800 per annum.)

Philadelphia and Pottsville, (Reading Railroad) Pa., Edward McDonald and William H. Lessig vice H. S. Hendler and P. S. Higgins, (\$800 per annum.)

Quincy and Toledo Railroad, Ill.—Quincy to Mendota—Frederick Kreissman vice Thomas B. Carlin, (\$600 per annum.)

James N. Tyner has been appointed special agent of the Post Office Department for the State of Indiana, vice William Garver, removed, (\$1,600 per annum.)

Prospectus of the National Republican.

Believing that the time has arrived when the great Republican party of the United States ought to be fairly represented in the daily press of the National Metropolis, we have embarked in the enterprise of supplying the citizens of the District of Columbia with a daily publication, under the title of the "National Republican."

In its political department, this journal will advocate and defend the principles of the Republican party, and endeavor to disabuse the public mind of groundless prejudices which have been engendered against it, by the false accusations of its enemies. Having the utmost confidence that the administration of Mr. Lincoln will be such as to merit our approbation, we expect to yield it a cordial, but not a servile support. In the great issue that is likely to be made with his administration, by the enemies of the Republican party, the people of Washington and the District of Columbia have more at stake than the people of any other portion of our common country. We believe that to support Mr. Lincoln's administration will be synonymous with maintaining the integrity of the Federal Union, against the machinations of those who would rend it aunder. No one can doubt upon which side of this issue the people of Washington will be found, when they come to realize that it is fairly forced upon them. We feel confident, therefore, that in yielding to the administration of Mr. Lincoln a cordial support, we shall have the sympathy of an immense majority of the people of this District and vicinity.

It is not our design, however, to make the *National Republican* a mere political paper. We intend, that as a medium of general and local news, it shall not be inferior to any other journal published in this city. We shall pay particular attention to questions of local policy, and advocate such reforms as we may deem essential to the prosperity of the city, and to the advancement of the moral and material welfare of its inhabitants.

We deem it unnecessary, however, to multiply promises, as the paper will, immediately make its appearance, and will then speak for itself.

It will be published every morning, and delivered to city subscribers at six cents per week. Mail subscribers, \$3.50 a year, payable in advance.

The publication office is at the corner of Indiana avenue and Second street.

LEWIS CLEPHANE & CO.

WIDE-AWAKES OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.

Lewis Clephane, President.

George H. Plant, Vice President.

A. C. Richards, Secretary.

Henry M. Knight, Captain.

M. Smith, First Lieutenant.

R. M. Downer, Second Lieutenant.

Meets at the Wigwam every Monday evening.

ALL NEW.

G. T. SWANN & CO. would respectfully inform the citizens of Washington and environs that they have newly fitted up Store 373, Seventh street, between I and K streets, and are now receiving a full and complete stock of New Dry Goods, New Bonnets, New Parasols, New Umbrellas, New Carpeting, New Oilcloths, New Rugs, New Mattings, &c., &c., which they have just purchased from the Manufacturers and Importers. We deem it unnecessary to enumerate prices, but would say that, in consequence of the unprecedented scarcity of money in the Northern markets, we have purchased a large portion of our stock at an immense sacrifice, and are therefore enabled to offer extra inducements to those who may favor us with their patronage.

A visit from all those who desire to supply themselves with the Cheapest Goods ever offered in this city is respectfully solicited.

All Goods shown cheerfully and fairly represented.

G. T. SWANN & CO.,
373 Seventh street, between I and K streets.

mar 16—3t

The Young Men's Christian Association will hold their Annual Meeting, for the election of officers, at their Rooms, on Pennsylvania avenue, on Monday evening, March 18, at half past seven o'clock.

GEO. H. TWISS,
mar 16—2t

GRAND CONCERT

PRESENTATION OF COLORS TO THE WASHINGTON LIGHT GUARD,

at

Odd Fellows' Hall, Navy Yard,

Thursday Evening, March 21, 1861,

On which occasion some of the best vocalists of the city, will appear.

Programme, with particulars, will appear next week.

Tickets, 25 cents, can be purchased of any of the members, or at the door on the evening of the Concert.

mar 15—2t

PURE COUNTRY MILK.

THE subscriber delivers Pure Country Milk, morning and evening, as usual, to his customers. Strangers commencing house-keeping in this City, who desire Milk, can have their orders promptly attended to by applying at this office.

mar 13—1t

GEORGE EINOLF,

BOOT AND SHOE MANUFACTURER,

No. 370 E street, bet. 10th and 11th sts.,

WASHINGTON, D. C.

mar 10—6m

Union, Now and Forever!

GASSENHEIMER is in town, and will be glad to have the public take notice that he will sell Clothing, Hats and Caps, and Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods, lower than ever, and those who call shall not go away dissatisfied.

No. 334 Seventh and K streets, Washington, D. C.

mar 10—3m

BY GREEN & WILLIAMS, Auctioneers.

OF SHEDD and Kitchen Furniture at Auction.—On Tuesday, the 19th instant, we will sell, at 10 o'clock A. M., on K street, between Fourth and Fifth streets north, (No. 523,) a lot of Household Furniture, viz: